Dos and don'ts: Talking about disability and chronic conditions

Language to use	Language to avoid
'Has ADHD'	·· YHyper'
'Has autism/is on the autism spectrum'	' Y 'Aspie'
'Has a learning disability'	' 'Slow learner/stupid'
'Has a cognitive disability/ intellectual disability'	• Y 'Handicapped/special needs/ mentally disabled'
'Has acquired brain injury'	'Brain-damaged'
Without disability'	'Normal/healthy/able-bodied'
'Non-verbal'	·· Mute'
'Has a mental illness'	• Y 'Mentally ill/crazy'
'Uses a wheelchair'	Wheelchair-bound'
'Person with disability'	'Disabled person'
'Has reduced mobility'	' 'Slow'
Interested in reading more? Looking for an example not mentioned above? Check out these great inclusive language guides: Ustralian Broadcasting Corporation, <u>How to talk about</u> isability in an inclusive way, 2021. Beople with Disability Australia, <u>PWDA Language</u> uide: A guide to language about disability, 2021. Belethon Kids Institute, <u>Inclusive language guide</u> , 2022.	